# LIU & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Geotechnical Engineering

Engineering Geology

Earth Science

August 3, 2017

Ms. Sherry Tseng 4319 Lake Washington Boulevard NE, #4211 Kirkland, WA 98043

Dear Ms. Tseng:

Subject: Original Grade Determination Tseng Residence 2720 – 71<sup>st</sup> Avenue SE Mercer Island, Washington L&A Job No. 17-080

#### **INTRODUCTION**

At your request, we have completed an evaluation of original grade for the development of a new residence on the subject property located at the address in Medina, Washington. The general location of the residence site is shown on Plate 1 - Vicinity Map. Presented in this report are our findings and conclusions.

#### SITE CONDITIONS

### **Surface Condition**

The topographic survey and layout plan of the residence site is shown on Plate 1, attached hereto. The residence site generally slopes gently from its northwest corner down to its northeast corner, with a small sunken court on the its north side. This sunken court appears to have been cut down to enable walkout from the north side of the lower level of the existing house. Lining the cut banks along the east and west sides of this sunken court are rockery walls. Also, there appears to be a shallow cut along the south side of the house and the paved driveway. This cut is lined by a timber wall about a foot tall.

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#### **Geologic Setting**

Both the <u>Preliminary Geologic Map of Seattle and Vicinity, Washington</u>, by H. H. Waldron, B. A. Liesch, D. R. Mullineaux, and D. R. Crandell, published by U. S. Geological Survey in 1962, and the <u>Geologic Map of King County</u>, compiled by Derek B. Booth, Kathy A. Troost and Aaron P. Wisher, 2007, were referenced for the geologic and soil conditions of the subject property. Both the above publications show that the surficial soil unit at and in the vicinity of the project site is mapped as a Vashon Till ( $Q_{vt}$ ).

The deposits of the Vashon till soil unit were plowed directly under glacial ice during the most recent glaciation period as the glacier advanced over an eroded, irregular surface of older formations and sediments. The surficial 2 to 3 feet of this soil unit are normally consisted of a thin layer of dark-brown organic topsoil underlain by a layer of brown to light-brown weathered soil of medium-dense silty fine sand. Underlying the weathered soil is glacial till deposits of very-dense, cemented, gravelly, silty, fine sand with occasional cobble, commonly referred to as "hard pan".

### **Expected Soil Condition**

It will be helpful to understand the geologic and soil conditions of the site to make an educated estimate of the original grade at the corners of the proposed new residence. Undisturbed ground consisting of a Vashon till soil unit is almost always covered with a layer of dark-brown to black organic topsoil with roots. The topsoil is normally underlain by a layer of weathered soil of brown to light-brown to brown-gray, loose to medium-

dense, silty fine sand with various amount of gravel. Underlying the weathered soil is normally a deposit of fresh glacial till soil of light-brown to light-gray, gravelly, silty, fine sand with occasional cobble. If the original ground of a site is covered by fill, the soils in the fill are normally jumbled in mixture of varying color soils without clear stratification and often contain man-made debris. If the original ground had been excavated down previously, the topsoil and weathered soil would have been stripped and the original ground at a certain location in an excavated area can only be estimated by the presence of the soil layers at the location or by its surrounding terrain.

### **Actual Soil Condition**

Subsurface conditions at or near the 10 corners of the proposed new residence, marked out in paint in the field by others, were explored with hand-augered test holes dug on July 26, 2017. The approximate locations of the test holes are shown on Plate 1.

A geotechnical engineer from our office was onsite digging test holes, examining soil and geologic conditions encountered, and completing logs of the test holes. Samples obtained from each soil layer in the test holes were visually classified in general accordance with United Soil Classification System, a copy of which is presented on Plate 2. Soil conditions encountered by these test holes are presented in the logs of test holes as follows:

**TH-1** (Estimated Original Ground at El. 282.0')

- 0"-10" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND, dry (TOPSOIL)
- 10"-3'-0" Brown-gray, medium-dense, silty fine SAND, slightly-moist (WEATHERED SOIL)
- 3'-0" to 4'-0" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, some gravel, cemented, slightly-moist (VASHON TILL)

Hole terminated at 4.0 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-2 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 281.5')

- 0" 5" PEA GRAVEL (FILL)
- 5"-2'-0" Light-brown to light-gray, dense to very-dense, silty fine SAND, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.0 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-3 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 281.0')

- 0"-4" PEA GRAVEL (FILL)
- 4"-2'-6" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, trace gravel, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-4 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 278.0')

- 0"-4" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND, dry (TOPSOIL)
- 4"-2'-6" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, some gravel, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-5 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 278.0')

- 0"-6" Light-brown to light-gray, medium-dense, silty fine SAND, with pea gravel mixed in, dry (FILL)
- 6"-2'-6" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, gravelly, silty, fine SAND, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-6 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 282.5')

- 0"-9" Dark-brown, SHREDDED BARK over a layer of plastic tarp (FILL)
- 9"-1'-11" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND,
- 1'-11"-3'-6" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, gravelly, silty, fine SAND, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 3.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

TH-7 (Estimated Original Ground at El. 281.75')

- 0" 9" CRUSHED ROCK (FILL)
- 9"-1'-6" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND, slightly-moist (relic TOPSOIL)
- 1'- 6" 1'- 11" Light-brown, medium-dense, silty fine SAND, slightly-moist (WEATHERED SOIL)
- 1'- 11" 2'- 6" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, some gravel, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

**TH-8** (Estimated Original Ground at El. 280.75)

- 0"-4" SHREDDED BARK (FILL)
- 4"-1'-4" Light-brown to light-gray, medium-dense, silty fine SAND, slightly-moist (WEATHERED SOIL)
- 1'- 4" 2'- 9" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, some gravel, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.5 feet, groundwater not encountered.

**TH-9** (Estimated Original Ground at El. 283.5')

- 0"-10" CRUSHED ROCK (FILL)
- 10"-1'-2" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND, slightly-moist
- 1'-2"-2'-0" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, gravelly, silty, fine SAND, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 2.0 feet, groundwater not encountered.

**TH-10** (Estimated Original Ground at El. 279.0')

- 0"-6" Dark-brown, loose, organic, silty fine SAND, dry (TOPSOIL)
- 6"-2'-2" Light-brown to light-gray, medium-dense, silty fine SAND, trace gravel, slightly-moist
- 2'-2"-3'-0" Light-brown to light-gray, very-dense, silty fine SAND, some gravel, cemented, slightly-moist (GLACIAL TILL)

Hole terminated at 3.0 feet, groundwater not encountered.

#### ESTIMATED ORIGINAL GRADE

Our estimated original grade at locations of the test holes is shown above in parentheses next to the test holes numbers. Test Holes 4 and 5, located in the sunken court area on the

north side of the existing house, encountered very-dense cemented glacial till soil at 4 and 6 inches deep, respectively, indicating the original ground had been excavated down previously with the original topsoil and weathered soil being removed. This explains why the rockery walls are constructed along the east and west sides of the sunken court, obviously to line the cut banks of the excavated sunken court. Therefore, we estimated the original grade at these locations to be approximately the top of the adjacent rockery walls. Also, the original grade at Test Pits 7 and 9, next to a timber wall, is adjusted slightly above their existing grade due to the previous cut down with the cut bank lined by the timber wall. The original grade at all other test pit locations should be at their existing grade.

### **ORIGINAL GROUND AT HIGHEST AND LOWEST POINTS**

Based on the above, it is our conclusion that the original ground elevations at the highest and lowest points at corners of the proposed new building are El. 283.5' at Test Hole 9 and El. 277.0' at Test Hole 5, respectively.

#### CLOSURE

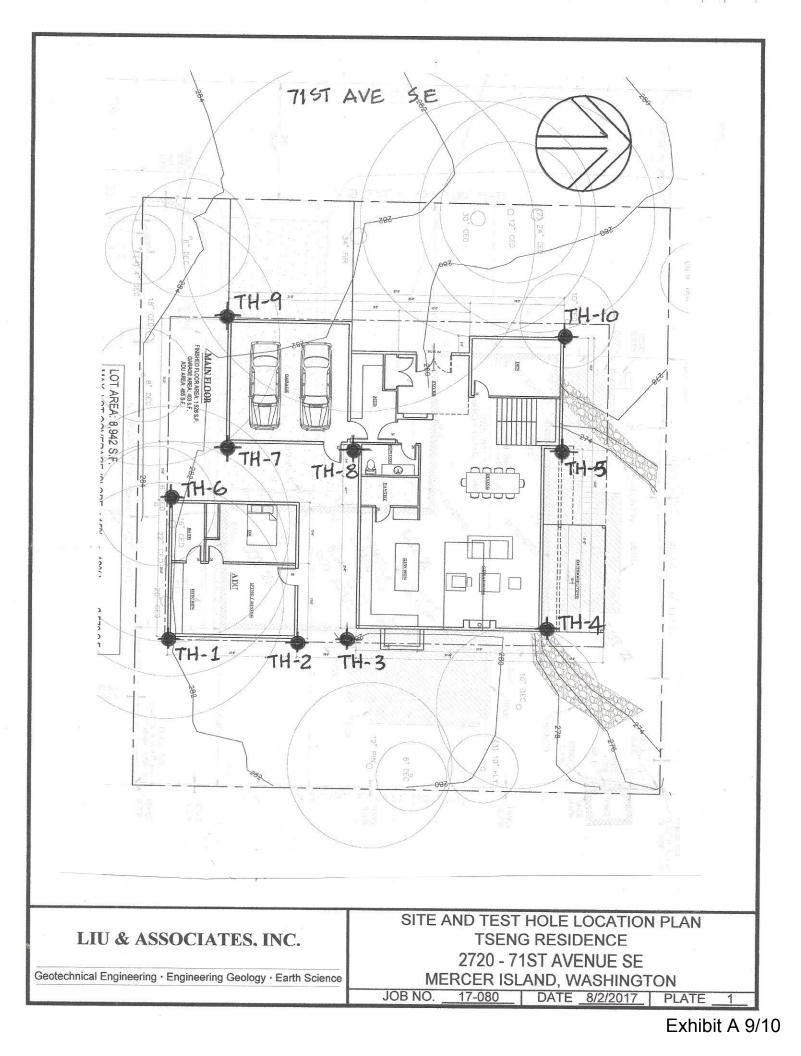
We are pleased to be of service to you on this project. Please feel free to contact us if you have questions regarding this report or need further consultation.



Two plates attached

Yours very truly, LIU & ASSOCIATES, INC.

J. S. (Julian) Liu, Ph.D., P.E. Principal



UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM				
MAJOR DIVISIONS			GROUP SYMBOL	GROUP NAME
	GRAVEL	CLEAN	GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVEL, FINE TO COARSE GRAVEL
COARSE-	MORE THAN 50% OF	GRAVEL	GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL
GRAINED SOILS	COARSE FRACTION RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	GRAVEL WITH	GM	SILTY GRAVEL
		FINES	GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL
	SAND	CLEAN	SW	WELL-GRADED SAND, FINE TO COARSE SAND
MORE THAN 50%	MORE THAN 50% OF	SAND	SP	POORLY-GRADED SAND
RETAINED ON THE	COARSE FRACTION	SAND WITH	SM	SILTY SAND
NO. 200 SIEVE	PASSING NO. 4 SIEVE	FINES	SC	CLAYEY SAND
FINE-	SILT AND CLAY	INORGANIC	ML	SILT
GRAINED	LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50%		CL	CLAY
SOILS		ORGANIC	OL	ORGANIC SILT, ORGANIC CLAY
MORE THAN 50% PASSING ON THE NO. 200 SIEVE	SILTY AND CLAY LIQUID LIMIT 50% OR MORE	INORGANIC	MH	SILT OF HIGH PLASTICITY, ELASTIC SILT
			СН	CLAY OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAY
		ORGANIC	ОН	ORGANIC SILT, ORGANIC SILT
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			PT	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS

### NOTES:

- 1. FIELD CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON VISUAL EXAMINATION OF SOIL IN GENERAL ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D2488-83.
- 2. SOIL CLASSIFICATION USING LABORATORY TESTS IS BASED ON ASTM D2487-83.
- 3. DESCRIPTIONS OF SOIL DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY ARE BASED ON INTERPRETATION OF BLOW-COUNT DATA, VISUAL APPEARANCE OF SOILS, AND/OR TEST DATA.

### SOIL MOISTURE MODIFIERS:

- DRY ABSENCE OF MOISTURE, DUSTY, DRY TO THE TOUCH
- SLIGHTLY MOIST TRACE MOISTURE, NOT DUSTY

MOIST - DAMP, BUT NO VISIBLE WATER

- VERY MOIST VERY DAMP, MOISTURE FELT TO THE TOUCH
- WET VISIBLE FREE WATER OR SATURATED. USUALLY SOIL IS OBTAINED FROM BELOW WATER TABLE

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UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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PLATE 2